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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/840,743	04/23/2001	Robert Fischer	2307O099910	5027
20350 7.	590 08/07/2002			
TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP			EXAMINER	
TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER EIGHTH FLOOR SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94111-3834			KUBELIK, ANNE R	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1638	10
			DATE MAILED: 08/07/2002	\mathcal{O}

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

14	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/840,743	FISCHER ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Anne Kubelik	1638			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) T	his action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-29 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) <u>1-29</u> are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.					
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Infor	mal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claims 1-8, 13, 15-21 and 24-26, drawn to nucleic acids encoding a DMT polypeptide, cells and plants transformed with those nucleic acids, and a method of modulating transcription, classified in class 800, subclass 278, for example.
 - II. Claims 9-11, drawn to a nucleic acid encoding a DMT polypeptide operably linked to any DMT promoter, classified in class 536, subclass 23.1, for example.
 - III. Claims 12, 14 and 22, drawn to antisense constructs and a method of using them to modulate transcription, classified in class 800, subclass 286, for example.
 - IV. Claim 23, drawn to a method of detecting a nucleic acid, classified in class 435, subclass 6, for example.
 - V. Claims 27-29, drawn to expression cassettes that comprise an *Arabidopsis* DMT promoter operably linked to a heterologous nucleic acid, classified in class 536, subclass 24.1, for example.
- 2. The inventions are distinct, each from the other, because:

Inventions II and I and IV are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombinations as claimed because the presence of each of the subcombinations separately claimed serves as evidence that the combination does not rely solely upon an single subcombination as claimed for its own patentability. The combination is broadly directed to a nucleic acid encoding any protein

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comprising a DMT domain operably linked to any DMT promoter, while the subcombination of Group V is directed to specific DMT promoter sequences, and the subcombination of Group I is directed to a nucleic acid encoding a specific DMT protein. The subcombination has separate utility as shown in the claims, where the specific DMT promoters are used in expression cassette to direct expression of heterologous nucleic acid and the DMT encoding nucleic acid is used to modulate transcription.

Inventions I and III are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the nucleic acid of Group I can be used in another process than modulating transcription with an antisense DNA of Group III, such as in a method of detecting a nucleic acid or in modulating transcription with a sense nucleic acid.

Inventions I and IV are related as product and process of use. In the instant case the nucleic acid of Group I can be used in another process than detecting a nucleic acid, such as in a method of modulating transcription.

Inventions III and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions have different modes of operation, different functions, ant different effects. The method of invention III does not use the expression cassettes of invention V, and the expression cassettes of invention V cannot be used in the method of invention III.

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Inventions I and V are related as subcombinations disclosed as usable together in a single combination. The subcombinations are distinct from each other if they are shown to be separately usable. In the instant case, invention V has separate utility in expression cassette to direct expression of heterologous nucleic acid, and invention I has separate utility in modulating transcription of DMT. See MPEP § 806.05(d).

Inventions II and III are unrelated. The method of invention III does not use the expression cassettes of invention II, and the expression cassettes of invention II cannot be used in the method of invention III.

Inventions II and IV are unrelated. The method of invention IV does not use the expression cassettes of invention II.

Inventions IV and V are unrelated. The method of invention IV does not use the expression cassettes of invention V, and the expression cassettes of invention V cannot be used in the method of invention IV.

- 3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, fields of search, and classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 4. Different nucleotide sequences are structurally distinct chemical compounds and are unrelated to one another. These sequences are thus deemed to normally constitute **independent** and distinct inventions within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. 121. Absent evidence to the contrary, each such nucleotide sequence is presumed to represent an independent and distinct invention, subject to a restriction requirement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 121 and 37 CFR 1.141 et seq (see MPEP 803.04 and 2434).

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If Applicant elects one of Groups II or V, Applicant is additionally required to elect one of SEQ ID NO:3, 4 or 6. This requirement is not to be construed as a requirement for an election of species, since each nucleotide sequence is not a member of single genus of invention, but constitutes an independent and patentably distinct invention.

5. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anne R. Kubelik, whose telephone number is (703) 308-5059. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday, 8:30 am - 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Amy Nelson, can be reached at (703) 306-3218. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9306 for regular communications and (703) 872-9307 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the patent analyst, Kimberly Davis, at (703) 305-3015.

Anne R. Kubelik, Ph.D. July 31, 2002

AMY J. NELSON, PH.D SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600